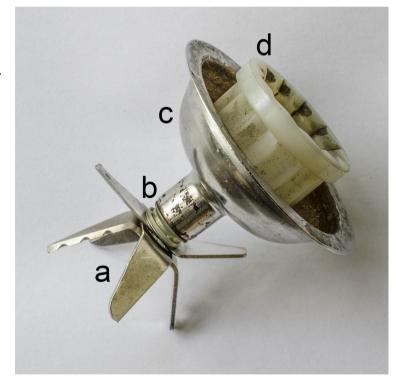
Product Study



Daniel Mutryn



- 1. Glass Jug Manufactured from soda-lime glass which is mainly comprised of silica sand, calcium oxide and lime. The product was machine blow-moulded at a temperature over 1000 C. It was then transferred to a second oven to be cooled down slowly to prevent cracking due to stress build-up. The bottom of the jug appears to have been machined off in order to achieve a very flat surface for the rubber seal. The jug could have also been manufactured from polycarbonate.
- 2. Lid- Injection molded low Density Polyethylene. Flexible and tough. Easily scratched with a fingernail. HDPE could also be used but wouldn't be as flexible.
- 3. Jug base ring Coded PP. Injection molded polypropylene. Pretty tough and flexible, not easily scratched.
- 4. Jug base screw Coded ABS. Injection molded acrylonitrile butadiene styrene. Feels quite tough.
- 5. Rubber gasket Cut out from a sheet. Probably silicone rubber as it is most widely used in contact with food.
- 6a. Blade assembly Bent and machined from stainless steel. Non-magnetic and shiny. Needs to be corrosion resistant.
- 6b. Blade gasket Clear silicone rubber.
- 6c. Blade mount Stainless steel. Cold-pressed from a sheet.
- 6d. Coupling Nylon. Needs to be very tough to transfer the torque from the motor to the blade assembly. The part was injection molded.
- 6e. Blade spindle Stainless steel.



- 7. Fill cap. Styrene-acrylonitrile resin. Injection moulded. It has greater thermal resistance than polystyrene which could have also been used for this part.
- 8. Steel Casing Drawn from a stainless steel sheet as two separate parts then welded together. The outside of the part was subsequently polished and screw holes as well as the

control knob cut-out have been machined out. Polycarbonate could have also been used for this part.

- 9. Motor base Injection molded ABS.
- 10. Motor support frame Injection molded polypropylene. ABS could have also been used.
- 11. Jug holder Injection molded polypropylene. The screw holes were then threaded.
- 12. Compression springs. Cold-wound (room temperature) from high-carbon steel wire, usually using a CNC machine in high volume production. Then the spring is heat treated to relieve the stress build-up and allow it to maintain its shape. Other materials that could have been used include: chrome silicon, chrome vanadium, and stainless steel.
- 13. Crimp Caps Injection molded nylon. Inside there's a tin plated copper ring that's crimped to provide a connection. The connector ring is cut from a sheet.
- 14. Control knob Injection molded ABS.
- 15. Control button Injection molded ABS.
- 16. Control panel mount Injection molded polypropylene.
- 17. Speed indicator Injection molded polycarbonate.
- 18. Safety switch Zinc plated mild steel manufactured from sheet metal. The switch housing is ABS.
- 19. Circuit board Fiberglass sheet has been coated with epoxy resin. Copper tape pressed onto the board is used to connect the contact points and solder holds the various components.
- 20. Rubber Gear natural rubber molded over a threaded stainless steel frame that has been manufactured from sheet metal. Nitrile rubber could have also been used.
- 21a. 47K Ω resistor Carbon film wound around ceramic core encased in epoxy resin or another insulating material. Tin-plated copper wires attached to each end.
- 21b. Resistor cover Heat resistant fiberglass.
- 21c. Capacitor two metal plates separated by a dielectric (ceramic, plastic, air etc)
- 22. The motor Carbon steel frame pressed from sheet metal. Copper coils. Injection molded nylon fan.
- 23. Shock absorbers Nitrile rubber.

- 24. Top mount mild steel. Cut from a sheet.
- 25. Cable ties Injection molded nylon.
- 26. Screws Manufactured from annealed medium carbon steel wire. The heads are cold formed by a series of dies. The thread is then pressed into the screws. The components are then heated and oil quenched to harden them. The last step involves zinc plating.
- 27. Dial switch ABS casing (injection molded as two separate parts) and copper contact points.
- 28. Cables A bunch of copper wires with a flexible polyvinyl chloride (PVC) extruded around them as an insulator.
- 29. Ferrite ring Made of iron oxide (rust) alloyed with other metals. Filters electro-magnetic interference as well as radio frequency interference.
- 30. Heatshrink Extruded PVC tube used to protect the cord.
- 31. Plug Tough polymer casing injection molded. Contact pins are brass.